PATENT COOPERATION TREATY



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INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

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anslation interna	ATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMIN	ATION REPORT
	(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)	
Applicant's or agent's file reference BLOcp263/85P	FOR FURTHER ACTION See Notifit Preliminary	cation of Transmittal of Internati Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/4
International application No. PCT/FR2003/003413	International filing date (day/month/year) 18 novembre 2003 (18.11.2003)	Priority date (day/month/year) 18 novembre 2002 (18.11.200
International Patent Classification (IPC) C12N 15/12	or national classification and IPC	
Applicant	COMMISSARIAT A L'ENERGIE ATON	1IQUE
This report is also accordamended and are the baron. 16 and Section 607 of These annexes consist	nment of opinion with regard to novelty. inventive of invention tement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty. explanations supporting such statement	tion. claims and/or drawings which have cations made before this Authority (see
Date of submission of the demand	Date of completion	on of this report
Date of submission of the demand 09 juin 2004 (09)		on of this report February 2005 (15.02.2005)

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International application No.

PCT/FR2003/003413

I. Basis o									
1. With r	regard to	the elements of the international application:*							
	the inter	rnational application as originally filed							
\boxtimes	the desc	cription:							
	pages	1-32 . as originally filed							
	pages	. filed with the demand							
	pages	. filed with the letter of							
	the clai	ms:							
		1-5 . as originally filed							
	pages	as amended (together with any statement under Article 19							
	pages								
<u> </u>	pages	. filed with the letter of							
	the dra								
	pages	as originally filed							
	pages	, filed with the demand							
	pages	1-38 filed with the letter of 13 January 2005 (13.01.2005)							
	•	ence listing part of the description: as originally filed							
1	pages pages								
	pages	. filed with the letter of							
		to the language. all the elements marked above were available or furnished to this Authority in the language in which anal application was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item.							
The	se eleme	nts were available or furnished to this Authority in the following language							
		nguage of a translation furnished for the purposes of international search (under Rule 23.1(b)).							
	the la	nguage of publication of the international application (under Rule 48.3(b)).							
	or 55.								
3. Wit	th regard liminary	d to any nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application, the international examination was carried out on the basis of the sequence listing:							
contained in the international application in written form.									
	filed together with the international application in computer readable form. furnished subsequently to this Authority in written form.								
	furni	shed subsequently to this Authority in computer readable form.							
	The inter	statement that the subsequently furnished written sequence listing does not go beyond the disclosure in the national application as filed has been furnished.							
	The	statement that the information recorded in computer readable form is identical to the written sequence listing has furnished.							
4.	The	amendments have resulted in the cancellation of:							
1 -		the description, pages							
	同	the claims. Nos.							
	\Box	the drawings, sheets/fig							
5.	This beyon	report has been established as if (some of) the amendments had not been made, since they have been considered to go not the disclosure as filed, as indicated in the Supplemental Box (Rule 70.2(c)).**							
in	placementhis rep	nt sheets which have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to Port as "originally filed" and are not annexed to this report since they do not contain amendments (Rule 70.16							
** An	y replac	ement sheet containing such amendments must be referred to under item 1 and annexed to this report.							

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V. Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

1. Statement			
Novelty (N)	Claims	1-38	YES
Inventive step (IS)	Claims	None	NO _
	Claims	1-7, 28-32, 35, 37	YES
	Claims	8-27, 33, 34, 36, 38	NO
Industrial applicability (IA)	Claims	1-38	_ YES
••	Claims	None	_ NO

Citations and explanations

Reference is made to the following documents:

- D1: TOMITA T: 'New markers for pancreatic islets and islet cell tumors' PATHOLOGY INTERNATIONAL 2002 JAPAN, vol. 52, no. 7, 2002, pages 435-432, XP002246605 ISSN: 1320-5463
- D2: WO 02/24733 A (BURGESS CATHERINE E; MALYANKAR URIEL M (US); SYPTEK KIMBERLY ANN, 28 March 2002 (2002-03-28)
- Novelty (PCT Article 33(1) and (2))
- 1.1 No mention of the use of a polynucleotide having the sequence SEQ ID No. 1 as marker for the beta cells of the islets of Langerhans was found in the prior art. Therefore the subject matter of claims 1 to 7 and 28 to 32 is novel (PCT Article 33(2)).
- 1.2 The subject matter of claim 8(b) includes all the polynucleotides comprising a fragment of at least 20 consecutive nucleotides having SEQ ID. No.1, apart from those in which this fragment is itself already

included in the sequences having access numbers (NCBI) AX526723, AX526725 and AX526727 (and which comprise at least 15 consecutive bases of said sequences). SEQ ID No. 1 differs from sequences AX526723, AX526725 and AX526727 in at least positions 52 and 367 of SEQ ID No. 1. It follows that the scope of claim 8(b) is limited to fragments having at least 20 consecutive nucleotides of SEQ ID No. 1 and of which the sequence comprises at least the base in position 52 or that in position 367 of SEQ ID No. 1. Although several polynucleotides (e.g. genomic clones) having these characteristics can be found in the prior art, the International Preliminary Examining Authority recognizes that the term "can be used according to claim 1" implies certain features (e.g. concerning their size) that exclude these polynucleotides from the scope of claim 8. Therefore the subject matter of claims 8 to 27 and 33 to 38 also meets the requirements of PCT

2. Inventive step (PCT Article (1) and (3))

Article 33(1) and (2).

2.1 D1, which is considered to represent the prior art closest to the subject matter of claim 1, describes (pages 426 to 428) the use of the glucose carrier GLUT-2 as marker for the beta cells of the islets of Langerhans. The subject matter of claim 1 differs from this method by the structure (sequence) of said marker. The problem addressed by the present invention can thus be considered that of providing an additional marker for the beta cells of the islets of Langerhans.

The solution proposed in claim 1 of the present application is considered to involve an inventive step (PCT Article 33(3)) since the prior art does not contain any obvious method of isolating a new marker of this type or any indication that the zinc carrier encoded by sequence SEQ ID No. 1 is expressed selectively in the beta cells of the islets of Langerhans. Consequently the subject matter of claims 1 to 7, 28 to 32, 35 and 37 meets the requirements of PCT Article 33(3).

2.2 As concerns claim 8, D2, which is considered the closest prior art, describes (pages 6 and 7, 19 to 26, and 67 to 127) a polynucleotide encoding a zinc carrier polypeptide (NOV2) that has a sequence which is 99.2 % identical to that of the present application. This polynucleotide is expressed in several organs, including the pancreas (page 25). D2 also describes (pages 67 to 127) the probes and primers that can be used to amplify the sequence encoding NOV2.

The polynucleotides in claim 8 of the present application differ from those of D2 by their sequence, but appear nevertheless to be entirely capable of being used in a method as per claim 1 (in the same way as the possible uses of the polynucleotides in claim 8 are not restricted to those according to claim 1).

The problem addressed by the present invention can thus be defined as that of providing additional polynucleotides enabling the expression of a zinc carrier to be detected, or the sequence or part of the sequence encoding the zinc carrier to be

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amplified.

The solution proposed in claim 8 of the present application is not considered inventive (PCT Article 33(3), for the following reasons:

The differences between the polynucleotides in D1 and those in claim 8 are not responsible for a particular technical effect. Therefore these polynucleotides can be considered equivalent. Obtaining an allelic variant or an equivalent of the polynucleotide in D2 is a problem which a person skilled in the art would easily solve by sequencing the NOV2-encoding gene in other individuals, as suggested in D2, in order to identify polymorphisms in this gene, which are potentially useful for research or diagnostic purposes. Therefore the subject matter of claim 8 does not involve an inventive step.

D2 also discloses a method of measuring the expression of the corresponding gene using Northern blot or RT-PCR, methods of detecting allelic variants of said sequence, a DNA chip comprising specific probes or primers for the NOV2-encoding gene, detection of the NOV2 polypeptide or of antibodies against the latter by ELISA, a vector comprising the NOV2-encoding polynucleotide, its insertion in a host cell or a transgenic animal, the use of the latter for producing the NOV2 protein and methods of screening agonist or antagonist compounds for NOV2 activity or for its expression, or of compounds capable of binding to the polynucleotide which encode it. D2 also mentions the role played by zinc carriers in monitoring cell proliferation and

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survival. Hence the same reasoning as was applied to claim 8 applies to the subject matter of claims 9 to 21, 22(a) and (b), 23 to 27, 33, 34, 36 and 38, which no longer meets the requirements of PCT Article 33(3).

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VIII. Certain observations on the international application

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The following observations on the clarity of the claims, description, and drawings or on the question whether the claims are fully supported by the description, are made:

- 1. Claim 1 is unclear since its subject matter is defined in relation to a percentage of "similarity". As page 10 of the description indicates, the meaning of the word "similarity" depends on what is considered to be a conservative substitution. The application does not provide any tables indicating unambiguously which substitutions may or may not be conservative and provides a definition only in terms of a result to be obtained, which is, moreover, vague ("which generally does not alter the functional properties of the protein").
 - 2. Claim 3 and dependent claims 10 and 11 contain an inconsistency since the primers having sequences SEQ ID Nos 3 and 4 both appear to belong to sequence 1 (whilst sequence SEQ ID No. 5 is part of sequence SEQ ID No. 1 and sequence SEQ ID No. 6 is complementary to SEQ ID No. 1). The primer pair according to SEQ ID Nos 3 and 4 thus does not appear to provide a solution to the technical problem addressed by the present application.
 - 3. Claim 8(c) contains a circular reference ("defined in (c)").
 - 4. Claim 12, which is dependent on claim 11, is unclear since it relates to a small interfering RNA "capable of being obtained by amplification" and given the usual meaning of the term "amplification" (since the product of amplification is normally a DNA, not an RNA).